Alexandria Daily Advertiser.

Vol. V.] THURSDAY, NOVEMBER 28, 1805. [No. 1460.

Public Sale.

On FRIDAY next,
At 10 o'clock, will be sold at the Vendue Store,

RUM

In hhds. and bls. French Brandy in pipes,
Gin in pipes and bls.
Whiskey and Apple Bandy in bls.
Sugar in hhds. tierces and bls.
Chocolate
White and brown Soap and } in boxes,
Mould and dipt Candles
Raisins in kegs, boxes and jars,
Figs in kegs and frails,
Queen's Ware in crates,

HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE,

&c.——ALSO,

A Variety of DRY GOODS,

among which are

Cloths, Coatings, Kerſemeres,
Duffils, Plains, Kerſeys, Negro Cottons,
Serges, Elaſticks, blue Friezes,
Calimancoes, Ruſſels, Yarn Stockings,
Chintzes and Callicoes,
Iriſh Linens, Sileſia do.
Osnaburgs and Ticklenburgs,
Muslin and Muslin Handkerchiefs,
India Muslins and Table Clothes,
Bandanna Handkerchiefs,
Colour'd Threads, Hats and sundry other articles.

Philip G. Marſteller.

Nov. 12.

FOR LIVERPOOL—(Direct.)

THE SHIP
UNITED STATES,
An eſtabliſhed
REGULAR TRADER.

A part of her *Cargo* being ready, the remainder will be taken on moderate terms.——For freight or paſſage, apply to

Rickettſ, Newton & Co.

October 15. d

For Sale or Charter,

The Staunch faſt ſailing
Brig NANCY
about 1400 *barrels burthen,*

Has juſt had a thorough repair, is well found, and will be at HEPBURN's *Wharf*, in a day or two.—For inventory or terms apply to

John Mc Gowan, & Co,
City of Waſhington, or to
Lewis Deblois,
Alexandria.

Nov. 20 dtf.

For Sale, on a liberal credit,

The SCHOONER
FAIR AMERICAN,

Burthen about 70 tons or 500 barrels, between 4 and 5 years old, ſails faſt, and is in complete order to receive a cargo. For terms apply to

James Bacon,
Corner of King and Waſhington-ſtreets.

October 22. d

For Freight or Charter,

The SHIP
HETTY,
Charles C. Ruſſel, Maſter;

Now expected in from Liverpool, from whence ſhe was to ſail the 14th September for Alexandria. This ſhip is about three years old, 235 tons burthen, ſeathed laſt ſummer, and is a firſt rate

John G. Ladd.

November 9. d

CHARLES BENNETT,

Has imported in the June, capt Colley, arrived at NORFOLK—

Kidderminſter Carpets and Carpeting,
Staſaſe-Carpeting,
Oznabrigs and Halfthicks,
Coarſe and ſuperfine cloths of a ſuperior quality

☞ The above goods are expected by the firſt packet from Nork.

Via N. he has recd. & opened for ſale,

Blue and other colours Chambray Muſlins,
Chints and Calicoes,
Iriſh Linens,
Cambric Shirting Checks,
Ruſſheeting and Drills,
Creſla Morlaix and German Dowlas,
Ticklenburgs White and Brown,
Nun's Coloured Threads,
Imperial Tea, &c. &c.

Gun's best Shad and Herring Twine,

Shoe thread &c. &c.

Nov. drw,3tiw,2tiw.

☞ EDUCATION.

A FEW boys can be admitted into the Academy. The number is not to exceed forty in each room.

November 11 zaw3t

PUBLIC SALE.

On SATURDAY next, at 11 o'clock. will be Sold, on Ramſay's wharf,

The Schooner
FAIR AMERICAN,

Burthen 70 tons or 500 barrels, ſails faſt, in complete order for ſea. A credit of 6 and 9 months will be given for approved indorſed negotiable notes.

P. G. Marſteller.

November 26. dtf

For Cowes and a Market,

The Ship Ann,
Captain BRADFORD.

A few hogſheads tobacco, and caſks or bags of coffee, will be taken on board at a moderate freight, and the uſual advances made if addreſſed to Meſſrs. *Thomas Middleton and Co.* of London.

Robert T. Hooe & Co.
WHO HAVE FOR SALE,
A good aſſortment of German Linens.

Oct. 8. eotf.

JOHN WATTS,

Fairfax-ſtreet, oppoſite Mr. JOHN JANNEY's, has received via Baltimore,

A Handſome aſſortment of
FALL & WINTER GOODS,

Which he will ſell low for caſh, or on ſhort credit, to punctual cuſtomers.

Superfine Cloths and Caſſimers,
Winſor Velveteen,
Patent Cord and Patent Cord Waiſtcoating,
Fancy Moleſkins and Florentines,
Silk Plush and Velvets,
Sewing Silk, Twiſt and Thread,
Leno and Dragoona Muſl Cloaks,
Gentlemen's White and Black Silk Hoſe,
Do. do. do. Gloves,
Do. do. Spun do.
Do. York Fan and Doe-ſkin do.
Ladies' White and Black Hoſe,
Do. Extra long Silk Gloves and Mitts,
Do. do. Waſh Leather & Riding Gloves,
Sattins, Luteſtrings and Perſians,
Luteſtring and Sattin Ribbons,
Laces and Edgings,
London Hats,
Roſe and Duffil Blankets,
Silk Rugs and Caddows,
Carpets and Carpeting,
German Oſnabrigs,
Dowlaſſes and Bedticking,
Silk and Cotton Suſpenders,
Imperial and Young Hyſon Teas,
Clover Seed and Seine Twine, &c. &c.

Oct. 21 eod.

TO RENT,

The Dwelling HOUSE at preſent occupied by William Sanford—The houſe is commodious and handſomely ſituated, with every neceſſary out houſe, and has a handſome garden in high cultivation. Apply to

Mr. Thomas Preſton, or
Thomas Sanford.

October 25. d6t eo

Boarding-Houſe Opened,

By the Subſcriber, in Prince-ſtreet,

In the houſe lately occupied by *Thomas Patten*, between the dwelling houſe of *Dr. Dick* and Mr. *Hodgſon's* ſtore—where a few genteel boarders may be accommodated—with or without lodging. Apply to

William King.

Nov. 1 eotf.

Bank of Potomac, Nov. 8, 1805.

THE Stockholders in the *Bank of Potomac*, are hereby informed, that a Dividend of three per cent on the Capital Stock for the laſt half year is declared, and will be paid to them or their legal repreſentatives on Wedneſday next the 13th inſtant.

By order of the Preſident and Directors.
Charles Page, *Caſhier.*

November 8. d3w

A NEW NOVEL.

Juſt Publiſhed, by COTTOM *and* STEWART, *and for Sale, at their Store,*

[PRICE ONE DOLLAR 75 CENTS.]

Fleetwood:
OR,
The NEW MAN of FEELING.
BY WILLIAM GODWIN.

September 18 d

☞ The higheſt price given for clean Linen Rags, by the Printer.

---

12 pipes 2d and 3d proof Cognac Brandy
10 hogſheads, } New-England Rum.
13 barrels }
20 bags Green Coffee
500 lbs ſingle, double, and treble Battle Powder—
30 hhds. } *Muſcovado Sugars.*
20 bbls. }
70 boxes old brown Soap.
40 boxes beſt Havanna Segars.

With a general aſſortment of Liquors and Groceries as uſual; *For ſale by*

Mandeville & Jameſſon.

November 16. d

HENRY K. MAY,

Has juſt received and offers for Sale,

5 butts Cape Madeira } *Wines.*
2 pipes }
10 quarter-caſks Teneriffe }

November 21. d

HENRY K. MAY

Has juſt received and offers for Sale,

46 barrels Meſs Pork.
116 barrels prime ditto.
59 barrels cargo ditto.

IN STORE,

A Few Cheſts of Young Hyſon and Hyſon Skin TEAS, and caſes of CLARET.

November 13. d

JUST RECEIVED,

And for Sale by the Subſcriber,

100 ps. brown Ruſſia Sheetings } Entitled to
100 do. Ravens Duck } Dbk. on Ex.
3 bales German Ticklenburgs
50 bolts Ruſſia Duck
100 barrels Boſton Beef
30 do. Tanners Oil
400 caſks Stone Lime
100 boxes mould and dipt Tallow Candles
6 pipes old real Cognac Brandy
Weſt India and New England Rum

And a quantity of Mens, Womens and Childrens SHOES.

John G. Ladd.

November 16. d

TUNIS CRAVEN,

Has received by the late arrivals an elegant aſſortment of
GOODS,
—AMONG WHICH ARE—

London ſuperfine Cloths and Caſſimeres	Corded Cambricks,
Bennett's patent Cords,	Lace do.
Do. Waiſtcoatings,	Rich Colonade and figured India Muſlins
Silks, Moleſkins, Florentines,	India and Britiſh Book do.
Imperial, clouded and white Marſeilles,	Lace Caps & Handkerchiefs,
Toilinetts, Swandowns,	Extra Silk Gloves,
Flannels, roſe Blankets,	Pic Nic Mitts.
Coatings, Plains,	Silk Cord and Buttons,
Kerſeys, Halfthicks,	Cambrick Buttons,
Lamb's Wool, Worſted, Cotton and Silk Haſiery,	Artificial Flowers and Wreaths,
Iriſh & Flanders Sheetings,	Oſtrich Feathers,
4 4 7/8 Iriſh Linens,	Italian Mantaus,
Shirting Cotton,	Fine India Perſians,
Long Lawns,	Baſtas, Mamoodies,
Linen Cambricks,	Dowlaſs, Ticklenburg,
Dimities, Cambrick do.	Oſnaburgs, Brown rolls &c. &c.

☞ *He daily expects an additional aſſortment of* FALL GOODS.

Oct. 22. dtf

We have juſt Received
A FEW BOXES OF
CHEWING TOBACCO,

Which is ſaid to be ſuperior in quality to Cavendiſh——ALSO

Forty barrels of TAR,

Which will be ſold low.

Hewes & Miller.

October 30. d

TEN DOLLARS *Reward.*

Left the Little-River turnpike road, about the 10th of September laſt,

A Negro Man named *JACOB*,

belonging to the heirs of THOMAS MASON, deceaſed. He is about 50 years of age, well made, about 5 feet 10 inches high, dark complection, his head tolerably grey. Whoever takes up ſaid Negro and delivers him to me or one of the overſeers on the turnpike road, near Alexandria, ſhall receive the above reward and all reaſonable charges, by

JOSEPH POWELL, Agent
for the Little River Turnpike Company.

October 24. dtf

Printing, in its various branches, handſomely executed at this office.

Mandeville and Jameſſon,
OFFER FOR SALE,

For Cash, Prime Bills, or on the uſual Credit;

A GENERAL ASSORTMENT OF
LIQUORS & GROCERIES,
Conſiſting of

Muſcovado Sugars, of various qualities.

Philadelphia and Alexandria Loaf and Lump ditto.

Jamaica, } In hhds. &c.
St. Vincents, and }
N. E. Rum, }

Old Jamaica Spirits, for family uſe,
Peach and Apple-Brandy,
Cogniac and Bourdeaux do.
Holland and Country Geneva,
70 barrels ſtrong and fine flavored Rye Whiskey.

Madeira, }
Sherry, }
Old Port, } WINES.
Liſbon, }
Malaga, and }
Teneriffe }

40 caſes St. Eſtaph Medoc Claret,
1 butt old 4th proof Iriſh Whiſkey,
100 caſes Weſt Schiedam Gin.

A few hogſheads of choice Molaſſes,
Tenneſſee and Georgia Cotton.

Gunpowder, }
Imperial, }
Hyſon, } TEAS,
Young Hyſon, } Very carefully ſelected from the beſt cargoes for country trade and family uſe.
Souchong, }
Hyſon-ſkin, and }
Bohea }

Green Coffee. Chocolate, Pearl Barley, Rice, Starch, Fig-blue, Soap, Muſtard, Rappee and Scotch Snuff.

SPICES—Pimento, Pepper, Cloves, Caſſia, Nutmegs and Mace.

Ginger, race and ground.

Flotant and Orleans Indigo, Madder, Copperas, Allum and Brimſtone.

Patent Shot, aſſorted, from BB to No. 9.

Bar Lead, Hunter's Pipes, Bees Wax, Wrapping Paper, Demijohns, Refined Salt Petre, Chalk,

Mould and Dipt Candles.

Britiſh Gunpowder of various qualities from F to treble battle.

October 18.

Diſſolution of Copartnerſhip.

THE Copartnerſhip hitherto ſubſiſting under the firm of *Joſeph Riddle & Co.* of Alexandria, was diſſolved the firſt inſtant, by mutual conſent: All perſons that are indebted to, or that have claims on the ſame, are requeſted to come forward and ſettle, as it is deſirable to cloſe the concern as ſoon as poſſible. Thoſe whoſe accounts are of long ſtanding are particularly requeſted to attend to this notice, and make payments to either of the ſubſcribers.

JOSEPH RIDDLE,
Of Alexandria.
JAMES DALL,
Of Baltimore.

September 18. tf

JOSEPH RIDDLE

Has Received by the Ceres and other ſhips lately arrived at Baltimore, a conſiderable part of his
FALL GOODS;

Which are now opening at his ſtore in Fairfax-ſtreet, and daily expects an additional ſupply in the United States from Liverpool.

September 23. d

BUENOS-AYRES HIDES
FOR SALE.

WE have juſt received 575 large HIDES, which will be ſold low for caſh or ſhort credit

Alſo,

A few tierces of RICE and bbls. of PORK.

Hewes & Miller.

October 24. d

This day is Publiſhed,
And for Sale at ROBERT GRAY'S *Bookſtore, and* THIS OFFICE,
(PRICE TWENTY-FIVE CENTS.)

AN ABSTRACT
OF AN
APOLOGY,
For Renouncing the Juriſdiction
OF THE
SYNOD OF KENTUCKY.
BEING
A Compendious View of the GOSPEL,
AND A FEW REMARKS ON THE
CONFESSION OF FAITH.
By Robert Marſhall, John Dunlavy, Richard M'Nemar, Barton W. Stone, John Thompſon.

May 2.

Latest Foreign Intelligence.

VERONA, September 3.

His excellency marshall Massena, commander in chief of the army of Italy, has established his head quarters at Valeggio. He reviews the different corps which successively arrive. On the 10th, the following proclamation was put upon the order of the army.

"Soldiers of the army of Italy, his majesty the emperor and king has appointed me your commander in chief. It is grateful for me to see my ancient companions in arms, and to find in them the sentiments which I knew them to possess, attachment to discipline, and devotion to their duty: I shall always speak to them the language of these sentiments, and it is a pleasure to me to think that they will know how to answer it, if the political circumstances oblige his majesty the emperor and king to give the signal of battle, in spite of the desire he has constantly manifested to maintain peace; Soldiers! you will remember that you are upon a field of battle, illustrated by his victories, and that at every step we shall find traces of his magnanimity and of his genius.

"I replace at your head a general distinguished by his services, he is called to another destination, whither no doubt your wishes will accompany him: upon whatever theatre his majesty may place us, soldiers, let us justify his choice, and let us ever have but one thought: our country & our emperor.

The marshal of the empire, commander in chief,

Signed, MASSENA.

The two banks of the Adige are now occupied by considerable forces. The fortifications of Mantua, lately inspected by the marshal, have been found in such a state as to be looked upon as impregnable,

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LEMBERG, September 14.

To the different generals, which we have announced as having commands in the two Russian armies, under M. D'Apraxin, are added, the count de Buxhowden governor of Rigea, and the generals of infantry Michelson and Guleints, and the count de Tolstop, the military governor of St. Petersburgh.

The Prussian frontiers are inaccessible to the Russian army, according to the declaration of his Prussian majesty, to maintain a strict neutrality, and also by the large armies which cover the Prussian frontiers. The Russian generals have been compelled to avoid the Prussian dominions in Poland; four columns of the Russian army have in consequence, defiled at Brody, towards the eastern frontier of Gallicia, and press forward to Moravia; a part will pass near Pulaw, the others approach Cracovia, and our walls.

INSPRUCK, September 16.

The archduke John, who was attached to the army of Italy, under the archduke Charles is arrived to take the command of the army of the Tyrol composed of 40,000 men, the right wing is commanded by general Hiller, and the left by general Jellachich lately arrived from the frontiers of Turkey, where he commanded the Austrian army.

From Venice we learn that large quantities of siege artillery are collecting in that city, where the prince Charles is momently expected.

STUTGARD, September 19.

M. Massias, charge d'affaires of the emperor of France, near the elector of Baden, has returned to Carlsruhe, he arrived there on the 17th in the evening, when he immediately had an audience with the elector, who is preparing to depart for Strasbourg.

It is reported within these few days that a body of Austrian troops from the Tyrol, had entered the country of the Grissons, and had occupied the capital of that canton; this intelligence wants confirmation. The city of Ulm, capital of the province of Suabia, belonging to the elector of Bavaria, was taken possession of on the 18th by a regiment of Austrian dragoons, which arrived there from Guntzbourg. A part of this regiment is cantoned in the neighboring villages. The Austrian colonel Dedowich is also arrived at Ulm. The day preceding, the Bavarian troops quitted the place, and their posts were occupied by the militia, who now do duty with the Austrian troops.

Letters from Vienna of the 12th of September, received at Ratisbon, announces that the greater part of the Russian army, which had entered Gallicia, cannot reach the upper circle of Austria until some time in October, to form a junction with the Austrian army in Germany. The French ambassador remained at Vienna the 12th September, but the preparations he was making announced his speedy departure. The archduke Ferdinand had set out for Munich. The archduke Charles does not quit the capital until the 16th.

September 23.

It is said that orders are given for embodying the troops of Wirtemberg in the vicinity of this place, the number it is said will amount to 20,000 men. A corps of Austrian troops is arrived in the neighbourhood of Villingen and Donaschingen, in Brisgaw. The advance guard of the Austrian army is arrived at Stokach, and the head quarters are expected to be at Memmingen. The corps of the Austrian army in the Voralberg, which had formed a temporary camp in the vicinity of Bregentz, under the orders of general Wolfskall, commenced their march on the 16th or 17th instant, on the 18th it had advanced to Waldsee, in Upper Swabia; it is composed of 12,000 men. It is stated also, that the camp at Weltz, has been broken up, and that all the troops have been marched in three columns. The troops of the elector of Bavaria, are concentrating more and more in the Franconia, and the Upper Palatinate. It is presumed that Franconia (with the exception of the Prussian dominions) will not be comprised in the line of demarkation of neutrality, and that the Bavarian army will join that of the Marshal Bernadotte, which is advancing through the Electorate of Hesse, and the country of Fulda, to attack the Austrian army.

FRANKFORT, *Sept.* 23.

The French troops of the army of Hanover arrived yesterday in the vicinity of this place. The general in chief marshall Bernadotte, has his head quarters about a league and a half from this place. Yesterday afternoon the senate assembled to deliberate upon a demand of the French general for a certain number of rations. The third division of French Batavian army has arrived at Coblentz.

September 24.

The first division of the French Batavian army, which has arrived at Mayence, is to pass the Rhine toworrow the 25th, and will arrive the same day at Frankfort, and it is presumed will form a junction with the army of Hanover, corps of which are daily arriving in our vicinity, after which it is probable they will take the rout for Aschaffenbourg and Wurtsburg. The general Kellerman arrived here yesterday, from the head-quarters of the general in chief marshall Bernadotte, who is expected here tomorrow. The Austrian army which had advanced into Bavaria, has formed a junction with the Austrian corps assembled near Bregentz.

We wait with extreme impatience and anxiety, the result of the mission of M. de Meerfeldt to Berlin, and that of the compte de Haugwitz to Vienna. These are perhaps, the last efforts of Prussia to prevent hostilities.

September 25.

The first division of the French Batavian army which yesterday crossed the Rhine, halted last night at Welbacher Singlengen; this morning it continued its march for Frankfort. The second division will arrive this evening at Frankfort.

The troops of the army of Hanover are to pass the Mein on the side of Hanau, for which purpose a bridge has been constructed at that place. The junction of the two armies will take place near Seligenstadt between Frankfort and Aschaffenbourg. The ardour which is displayed by the troops, is beyond all expression.

September 26.

According to letters from Munich the Archduke Ferdinand arrived at that city on the 19th at night. The Austrian minister to Bavaria, Baron Schauenstein, has repaired to Wurtzburg, to present various demands on the Elector. The Austrian commander at Munich, has sequestered the treasury of the Elector, allowing him only sufficient for the support of his civil list, and personal expenses.

P. S. This moment a letter of the 21st from Munich announces the arrival of the Emperor of Austria and Germany at that place. His majesty departs to-morrow for Landsburg.

STRASBOURG, September 23.

Yesterday the superb regiment of Grenadiers, belonging to the army arrived here. It is quartered on the citizens of the town. It will be reviewed to-day by Prince Murat and the other generals who are here. It is said that general Lasnes will command this corps. The first column of the imperial guards is expected to-day. Our vicinity is filled by an immense quantity of troops, infantry as well as cavalry.

September 25.

Early this morning several divisions of our grand army passed the Rhine on the bridge of boats, between our city and Khel; the Elector has granted permission for them to pass through the estates of Baden. The division of Grenadiers commanded by general Oudinot, is one of the corps which have passed.

September 26.

Most of the generals who have assembled here, have already quitted and put themselves at the head of their respective corps. We are assured that the prince Murat passed the Rhine, with his staff, yesterday afternoon, as did also the Marshal Soult. It is said that another of our armies has passed the river at Manheim.

Of the destination of our armies nothing is known with certainty, as the greatest secrecy prevails as to their operations. Some persons who came from the right bank of the Rhine, state that the part of the army which crossed at Khel are pressing for Raditadt; one column was directing its march towards Oberkirch, to proceed from thence towards Knibis, and that another was to take possession of the valley of Knitzich, of Quenche, it is also said that a passage of the Rhine had been effected at Neuf Brisack.

The Austrians it is said have advanced considerably within these few days past, and that their patroles have entered Stutguard by one side, and by the other the country of Knibis, in short that one of their corps is posted between Rotfweil and Villingue.

BASLE, September 25.

The corps of Austrian troops in the environs of Bregentz, under the command of gen. Wolfskall, departed on the 17th of this month, and proceed towards Upper Suabia. This intelligence is certain and proves that the Austrian army has not had the temerity to enter the territory of the Helvetic republic, from whence it could retreat with so much difficulty, and moreover assures us, that the flames of war are not to extend to us.

BOSTON, November 20.

POSCRIPT.

Through the polite attention of the editors of the Portland Gazette, we last evening were favored with a London paper of September 29th; received by captain Salter, in 46 days from Liverpool. It contains several very long state papers, viz. two notes from M. Talleyrand to the Austrian minister at Paris; with the answer of Austria to those notes the manifesto presented by the French minister to the German Diet: and a declaration of the court of Russia to that of Austria. It is not in our power to give any thing like an outline of these state papers this day. Though they *all* profess to have an honorable and permanent *peace* for their object, it is evident that war is their real design. With respect to Russia and G. Britain, the emperor Napoleon declares unequivocally he has no *hopes of peace*: Of the neutrality of Prussia he is certain: and while he solicits Austria not to join in the war he demands that she should withdraw her 21st regt. from Tyrol; reduce her troops in Stiria, in Corinthia, Triuli, and the Venetian territory; discontinue her camp fortifications, and declare to England her determination to maintain a firm neutrality. To this demand Austria makes no specific reply. But in a declaration sent from Vienna to Paris, on on the 3d Sept. 1805, after a full discussion of the points in controversy, declares, in the name of Austria, Russia and Great Britain, that they are ready to enter into a negociation with France, for maintaining the peace of the continent on the most moderate terms which are compatible with the general tranquility and security. It is however, probable that this proposition is made to gain more time,—and, we think, will not be accepted by France; unless France too, is unprepared for immediate war. The emperor of Russia accompanies the proposition with a declaration, that he had ordered two armies of 50,000 each, to march through Gallicia to the Danube, to support the cause of justice, and the issue of his moderation.

The number of Austrian troops on the march, were stated to exceed 200,000; more than 100,000 of which had entered Bavaria, in their progress to Swabia. The elector of Bavaria (an ally of France) had quitted his capital with his treasure, &c.

The elector of Hesse-Cassel, it was said, had also declared against France; and was to furnish 35,000 men, to be paid by England.

In Sweden, all the enginery of war was in active operation, And a levy of 150,000 men had been ordered in Russia.

BALTIMORE, November 2.

Arrived ship Louisiana, Wannel, from Liverpool, last from Cork in 63 days.

Left no American vessels at Cork. In lat. 49, 31, long. 18, passed through the homeward bound Jamaica fleet of 300 sail.

Also sloop Martha Warner, 28 days from St. Pierres (Mart.) Left schooners Jane, Collard, and Good Intent, Ley, of Baltimore, together with a number of others belonging to different ports. Flour 7 dollars. The town of St. Lucie was accidentally almost entirely destroyed by fire, occasioned by a person drawing rum with a candle.

NORFOLK, November 21.

Arrived in Hampton Roads, the United States frigate John Adams, captain Shaw, in 49 days from Gibraltar—the purser informs, that lord Nelson has taken command of the British fleet off Cadiz, and that his instructions were, to make an attempt to destroy the combined fleet in Cadiz; which, however desparate, if there is a probability of success, there is no doubt, but he will attempt it.

RICHMOND, Nov. 19.

We should presume that the frigates lately arrived from the Mediterranean and the greatest part of our disposable *marine* force, will be destined to the neighborhood of the Havanna or the mouth of the Mississippi; for we have little doubt in case of war between Spain and the United States, that a detachment will be sent out from Cuba, and that New Orleans will be the point of their attack. Relying upon the misrepresented disaffection of the inhabitants, the Spanish Court may indulge some unfounded expectations that this ill disciplined and embecile detachment may conquer and defend this important post. The file of New Orleans papers which we received by yesterday's mail contains no more than the following interesting articles respecting the dispositions made at New-Orleans to meet the probable exigency of the times.

New Orleans, October 5.

His excellency governor Claiborne and suite, returned to this city late last evening, from a tour through the counties of German Coast, La Fourche, Acadia, Iberville,—Point Coupee, and Concordia,—and this morning his arrival was announced by a federal salute. We are happy to have it in power to state that his excellency has entirely recovered from the fever with which he has been afflicted.

(Orleans Gazette.)

We are happy to have it in our power to announce the arrival here on Wednesday last, of two companies of United States troops commanded by captains Sparks and Bissel. We think that about ten companies more, would be amply sufficient to meet any exigency.

[*Ibid.*]

CHARLESTON, November 14.

The French privateer Creole, after convoying the Esther into St. Mary's, has returned to cruize off our bar—when she hove in sight yesterday, the Adams frigate immediately gave chase to her—and when the pilots left the bar last evening, the frigate was close up with the privateer. The American commander, however, is so limited in his instructions, that he can merely examine the legality of her commission and prevent her from committing depredation, within three miles of our coast.

The brig Mary of Baltimore, with passengers, from Ireland, anchored in the roads last evening.

Alexandria Daily Advertiser.

THURSDAY, NOVEMBER 28.

On Thursday the 21st instant, before a respectable assembly of ladies and gentlemen, commenced the examination of the young ladies who are under the tuition of the Reverend Dr. Davis of this town. Their proficiency in the several branches of education to which their attention had been directed; the correctness and judgment displayed in their reading; the fauty and elegance of their writing; the progress in geography and grammer, were such as to do equal honor to themselves and their preceptor. Prizes were afterwards adjudged to the best scholars in the different classes, but so nearly equal were the merits of two or three of the competitors in each class, that the gentlemen who presided at the examination, never before found it so difficult to discriminate.

To minds duly sensible of the importance of female education and of its unbounded influence on society, it must afford the most heartfelt satisfaction to mark the establishment of this seminary. Under the plastic hand of so able an instructor, whose unremitted care is directed not only to adorn the mind, but at the same time "*to form the manners and to mend the heart*," we have every reason to expect that the young ladies of this infant seminary will grow up the delight of their friends and acquaintance, and the ornaments of society life.

Alexandria, November 2

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K, November 21.
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n Adams, captain Shaw,
Gibraltar—the purser in-
elson has taken command
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is no doubt, but he will

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OND, Nov. 19.
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New Orleans will be the
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day's mail contains no
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ew Orleans, October 5.
governor Claiborne and
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che, Acadia, Iberville,—
nd Concordia,—and this
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cted.

(Orleans Gazette.)

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to have it in our power to
rrival here on Wednesday
panies of United States
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k that about ten companies
amply sufficient to mee

[Ibid.]

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STON, November 14.
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Daily Advertiser.

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November 2

It is due to the fair neutral trader, and to the honest American merchant and underwriter, to give publicity to the following extract of a letter from Amsterdam, dated the 12th March, 1805.

"Our East India Company has in contemplation to sell produce for exportation from Batavia in the year 1806, and to give directions that no other cargoes shall be delivered, but those for which she has contracted here; they are to consist of one half coffee, at 5 1-2 st. India currency; also, one fourth sugar, f 2-3 and one fourth pepper, 6 1-4,

Payable in ready money, when delivered at Batavia.

"The contractors to give bail that said cargoes, after having touched in America or elsewhere, shall be sent for sale to this country, for account of the neutral owners; also to give bail that ships shall be sent from America, or other neutral countries, to carry from Batavia, the quantities of produce, for which each contractor engages for account of neutral persons.

"These are the probable conditions. Some little alterations also in the prices may take place. Our Company intends treating finally in some months, giving time that answers may be had from America. Should you incline to have a share of said contracts, we beg to let us have your orders and instructions by the first opportunity."

VERMONT DIVORCES.

It cannot be denied that *the facility of obtaining bills of divorce*, has greatly tended to render us contemptible in the eyes of our neighbors; and the little respect our Judges entertain for the sacred institution of marriage, has encouraged the dissolute of both sexes in every quarter of the union, to repair to our state and make our laws subserve their wicked and immoral purposes. Every libertine who is tired of his wife, or who, from base and corrupt motives, is desirous to transfer his property & worthless affections to another woman; and every woman who is infamous enough to abandon her husband and children, may fly to Vermont; and by circulating a libel in the form of a petition, as far as a country paper will convey the notice, and paying the *necessary fees* (which constitute a very considerable emolument to our judges) can obtain a decree of our court dissolving the bands of matrimony. The statute indeed requires that one of the parties should have resided in this state at least one year previous to granting a divorce; but there are several instances on record, of bills being granted without even requiring proof to establish any previous residence. We shall soon have busines enough of this kind in our courts, when it is known to the people of Carolina, or any other remote state, that a short visit of two months from home, will be quite sufficient to free a man from a disagreeable companion, and the incumbrance of a family during the remainder of his life. "Do we not publish a citation, say our judges in some of our newspapers; and afford an opportunity to the other party, to appear and resist any improper attempt to impose on our courts." Pretty reasoning this! How shall an innocent wife five hundred miles distant, living perhaps in the interior of the country, become acquainted with every advertisement in every one of our village papers? The first sight of the advertisement is perhaps accompanied with a copy of the record of that decree, which strips her of property; deprives her of a husband; and separates her from her children!

On this solemn, this awful subject, it is impossible for a wife or virtuous man to reflect without being agitated by alternate emotions of horror and indignation. It is really opening Pandora's Box, and giving wings to every evil that can poison the felicity and morals of society. It casts a ridicule on the sacred institution of marriage; produces a confusion of progeny; creates discord in families; corrupts public and private decency; and introduces a depravity of manners, which every man of feeling and sense ought to repel as an enemy to the honor and happiness of his wife and daughters. In such a state of things, where shall we look for that faithful and dutiful devotion of the heart, which is the most powerful inducement to a state of wedlock? where find that perfect confidence and security, which are inspired by a belief that death only can sever that religious bond which unites individuals of different sexes together, and impels them by the irresistable influence of affection, and the consciousness of a common indivisible interest, to maintain all the tender relations of father, son and brother?

[Windsor Post Boy.

WASHINGTON.

From the American Letters.

VOL. 1. P. 481.

The example of Cincinnatus, after a lapse of ages has been revived, or exceeded, amidst the forests of America, by the unassuming cultivator of the banks of the Potomac. Washington, like the Roman sage, too rich in himself to be seduced by wealth or honors to forsake the calm enjoyments of domestic life, obeyed, again, and again, the summons of his country, to devote himself to the emergencies of the state.

If mankind should ever become wise enough to transfer their admiration from their conquerors to their benefactors, the virtues of Washington and Cincinnatus will efface the victories of Bonaparte and Alexander, and the modest mantle of republican simplicity will eclipse the frippery of imperial robes.

—

From the National Intelligencer.

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ROAD FROM ALEXANDRIA TO GEORGE TOWN

The sesion of the legislature of the United States being just at hand, it is worthy of attention that there exists a case at the Metropolis of this country which calls for legislative interposition in the economy of the public roads: I mean in the shameful example of negligence which exists exposed to the censure of travellers between George-town and Alexandria. I presume it will be unnecessary to offer either evidence or argument to impress the public mind with an evil so self evident, and so dangerous to all who have occasion to pass in the night.

The instance cited is however, not a new one; it is only of an unlimited number of examples, which every where, pervade this country; and which have, every where, existed in all countries antecedent to the establishment of *turnpikes*. It is within the memory of middle aged men, that England (which now excels all other countries in this species of improvement) was in a similar predicament; and there is no doubt but that country, which now exhibits turnpikes equal to the road before the President's door through every part of the kingdom, and where the arts, manufactures, agriculture and commerce of the land have kept pace with the facilites of conveyance, would have continued for centuries if she had adhered to the mistaken prejudice of working her roads by *statute labor*, and continued in the practice of *scalping them with weeding hoes to avaid presentments at county court!*

The great and amiable doctor Anderson, *the agriculturalist*, who never went to bed a night since he approached manhood without leaving an ungrateful world in arrears to his labors, expresses himself on this subject as follows:

* "There is no popular prejudice I have ever met with that is so unreasonable as that which prevails against turnpikes. In most other cases the people are anxious to throw all public burthens upon the rich rather than the poor; but the case is directly reversed in this instance. The roads are all made where no turnpikes exist, by the labour of the poor, for which they receive no payment; many of whom neither have horses nor carriages ever to travel on these roads: but the rich in consequence of that labor, are enabled to loll in their carriages at their ease, and while they are thus cutting up the roads contribute nothing to put them in repair.

"A turnpike act, which subjects these persons, and others who are to use the roads to a tax to put them in repair, is obviously the most equitable plan for making the roads that ever could be devised, and shifts the burthen, in the first instance, from the shoulders of the poor to those of the wealthy: one would imagine that a turnpike act, on this principle, ought to be universally a very popular thing."

Does it not merit a question, under this fair mode of reasoning, whether the inhabitants of Washington, George-Town, and Alexandria, ought not immediately to hold public meetings, and correspondence, on the question of petitioning Congress for an *act to facilitate their mutual intercourse, and to promote the public interest and accommodation, by the incorporation of a company for extending a turnpike road, the nearest and best level, from the town of Alexandria to the ferry at George-Town?*

I could say a great deal on this topic, which, being too volumnious for a newspaper may, perchance, be the subject of a pamphlet, while I tarry amongst you; but if any should question me on the score of advantage in the road now proposed, I am free to answer, according to my observation,

—

* *Agriculture of Aberdeenshire, page 132.*

1st. Your mail stage will be freed from the danger of breaking the drivers neck, and of killing or crippling his passengers.

2dly. Your transient cash, in the commercial circulations of your country, will be less exposed to night robberies.

3dly. Your mail stage will be able to sound its' horn at the ferry, at an early and regular hour; your merchants will be thereby relieved from irregular and tedious waitings at the post office; and their business, in course, be more promptly dispatched.

4thly. Where a horse drags one hundred weight in the present state of the roads he will be able to convey three hundred in their improved state.

5thly. Where one person now passes on occasions of commerce or pleasure, twenty will be found to pass shortly after the completion of the proposed improvement.

6thly. Instead of strangers and travellers, imbibing a strong prejudice, against the metropolis, and country, in consquence of the disgust they must feel at being jolted through dreary and dangerous hills in the dark, they will be delighted with the view of a grand and beautiful river and country diversified in its scenery, by landscapes, composed of woods, farms, villas, rising towns and cities; the strongest evidence of increasing commerce, population and prosperity which could have induced them to settle here.

7thly. Instead of the houses, in Washington, &c. tumbling down for want of tenants, we shall see the proposed turnpike form a street between the two principal cities; and the towns themselves will become inhabited at both ends of the link.

Lastly. The situation of this road is, on many accounts the most eligible of any in the union for commencing, at the capital, *an exemplary improvement*, which will have a tendency to reconcile to instructions of science, and to prove, against prejudice, the infinite advantage of promoting similar intercourse through all parts of the union; and by means which cannot fail to reward the adventurer co-equal with his number of shares, and the increase of population.

With the best wishes for the prosperity of America, I am, Mr. Printer, your obedient humble servant.

A STRANGER.

—

From the United States Gazette.

—

The following is a copy of a real letter written by the person whose name is subscribed, and who was a serjeant in the Pennsylvania line during the revolutionary war. The original is or lately was in the possession of a gentleman in this city, (Philadelphia.) We have rarely seen a more ludicrous combination of what are usually denominated HARD words.

—

Exuberant Genius,

As the malignity of the vulgar incomparably transcends human comprehension, & their grovelling insinuations will climixicate the minutia of human frailty, you cannot want faculty to investigate the ebullition of that invective which has so inundated, a character whose lucidity appeared in the moral world equal to any planetical phœnomenon.

A. M. 5777, alias, P. N. C. 1777. I had the honor to make one of that terrific accumulated body of freemen encamped at Middle Brook, whose unparelled atchievments, and unequalled powers in arms, would obliterate the character of a Macedonian army and whose terror not only put a stop to the depredations of an army of veterans, but drove them from the confines of that patriotic province and made them take shelter within their ignean batteries, on the the surges of a boisterous and tempestuous torrent. At that time the famous politicians of the opochawere divided in their opinion and the question was, whether they had totally withdrawn their fleets and armies, or the fates had destined them to plough the Atlantic twice ten years (Ulysses like) to receive the retribution of their national crimes? Maturely pondering the arguments *a priori and a posteriori*—I coincided with the former. Amusing myself and highly pleased that the Deity was tired of punishing the iniquities of the American world, the curtains of the evening began to incircle me, and the shades of Erebes grew more sable, when one of the daughters of Venus intercepted me in my perambulations, whom I discovered to be sauntering about in tasteless existence———Ah me miserum de qua perfectione decid. My meretricious faculties were alarmed, en verite; the organs of my corporeal system were entirely shocked; and for a short time every muscular motion forgot to vibrate; the fair discovering in me an uncommon structure, was prompted to extend her balmiferious hand and raised me from my torpid stupidity, by which time she was environed with other graces not less agreeable in pulchritudenary features. I was assisted into a circle drawn by quadrupeds, and vehicled into a *Virgin Province* at that time unknown to me. All this time my ideas, simple & compound, centered in my Diana, as a prinpal and virtual focus.

I had no avocations, nor did my country strike my auricular nerves; no expansion of my common sensorium; all was love! all was joy extatic and complete!

Posthumous to my departure from the theatre of human courage, I was enveloped in a dulcid lethargic superfaction of reiterated voluptuosity for three diurnal periods, and, as I conceive, entranced in the *saporific calm of Pathian joys*—but the fatigues of repetition, destroyed and annihilating my virile powers, I was eventually reduced to a state of *compos mentis*.

I say after again emerging into the world, upon examining my calender, I was astonished to find that the luner periodical revolutions were unmerically equal to the muses, and upon hearing of the enemy's return to the continent, I am again determined to make a glorious epiphany.

By this time, sir, I trust the antecedent cogitations have capacitated you to form something definitive and conclusive respecting the character of a child of misery and an offspring of misfortune, and that you will be moved to reconcile me to your causidical brother colonel B——y, from whom I have unfortunately revolted.—Through your benign mediatorial influence I hope to be renovated in his estimation, and that my quandum defections may be entirely and sempeternally absorbed in the chaos of perpetual oblivion.

I am, most Exeuberant Genius, with pedestal humiliation, and retrogade speculation.

Your torquated friend and distressed,
Humble servant,
HUMPHRY THOMSON, *Srejeant.*

From my sequestered Musæm, near the Lancaster Road, April 23. 1778

To Col ——, in Gen. W——'s division.

ASSIZE OF BREAD.

The 3d loaf to weigh 12 ounces.

JOHN LONGDEN, C. C.

November 28.

JUST RECEIVED,
AND FOR SALE,
Two boxes Irish Linen—*real Colraines.*
50 barrels prime Pork.
WM. HODGSON.
Nov. mber 28. d

FRENCH LANGUAGE.

Mr. GENERES,

HAS the honor to inform the ladies and gentlemen of Alexandria, that he will teach the French language, grammatically, at his house, in Prince street. The terms of tuition will be made known by applying to him. He will attend also in private families.

November 28 co3t

FINAL DIVIDEND.

THE Commissioners in a commission of bankrupt awarded and issued forth against *John Gill*, of Baltimore, merchant, intend to meet on the fixteenth day of December next, at four o'clock in the afternoon, at the office of John Caldwell, Esquire, No. 18, North Calvert street, in the city of Baltimore in order to make a final Dividend of the estate and effects of the said bankrupt; when and where the creditors, who have not already proved their debts, are to come prepared to prove the same, or they will be excluded the benefit of said dividend;—and all claims not then proved will be disallowed.

JAMES H. HOOE,
WM. MAC CREERY, } Assignees.
Nov. 15. (28) d16t

NOTICE.

IF FRANCIS LIGHTFOOT, a native of the county of New Kent, and formerly a resident of the state of Virginia, be now living, or has any legal heir or descendant living, either in the United States or elsewhere, by applying either in person or by special agent, and producing sufficient evidence of their being such legal descendant to William or Nicholas Lightfoot, of the county of James City, to George or Lightfoot Poindexture, of New Kent, or to James Poindexture, of Powhatan, will hear of something highly important and much to their advantage.

November 28. d2t

ST. ANDREW'S SOCIETY.

THE Members of the ST. ANDREW'S SOCIETY, are requested to attend the Anniversary Meeting, at Mr. *John Gadsby's*, on *Saturday* the 30th inst. at 10 o'clock, A. M.

By order of the President,
John Ramsay, Sec'y.
November 27. d3t

Pursuant to the Decree of the Honorable A. C. HANSON, *Chancellor of Maryland, I will attend at the House of* JOHN GADSBY, *in the town of Alexandria, on the 6th day of next month at 10 o'clock in the morning, to dispose of at* PRIVATE SALE,

A certain Tract of LAND,

Lying in Charles county, ſtate of Maryland, containing about 500 acres; and one other TRACT lying in the county of Montgomery, containing 519 acres in the ſame ſtate, both were tracts belonging to the eſtate of General *George Waſhington, deceaſed.* The terms of ſale will be twelve months credit, with intereſt from the day of ſale, to be ſecured by a bond and approved ſureties.

Buſh. Waſhington, Truſtees.

November 12. law4w

Valuable Property for Sale.

I will ſell, either for caſh, or on a liberal credit, the following VALUABLE PROPERTY in Alexandria:

ONE half acre LOT, on Cameron ſtreet, with a neat two ſtory frame dwelling-houſe thereon, with 4 rooms on a floor, a ſtone wall'd cellar with two apartments in it, and a kitchen adjoining; part of ſaid lot is neatly pailed in and manured for a garden.

Alſo, one half acre LOT adjoining the above with four ſmall tenements on the ſame. As the houſes ſtand off the ſtreet they leave all the front to be built on.

Alſo, one half acre LOT on Prince ſtreet, with a ſmall frame dwelling houſe on the ſame, the houſe ſtanding back on the lot leaves yet all the front to be built on. The whole lot is under good fence and ſubject to a light ground rent.

Alſo, about fifty feet of ground, fronting of Royal ſtreet, with three ſmall tenements adjoining the dwellings of Doctor *Roſe* and *John Sutton*, Eſq. in fee ſimple.

Any perſon may know the terms by applying to Meſſrs. *Douglaſs* and *Mandeville*, in Alexandria, or to the ſubſcriber, by letter, at Concord, Suſſex county, ſtate of Delaware.

Jeſſe Green.

November 2. law5w

NOTICE.

All perſons indebted to the eſtate of *Thomas Sangſter*, deceaſed, are earneſtly requeſted to make immediate payment to the ſubſcribers, otherwiſe ſuits will be commenced; and thoſe having claims againſt the ſaid eſtate, are hereby warned to exhibit them for payment on or before the third Monday in December next, otherwiſe they will be excluded all benefit of the ſaid eſtate.

MARY FERGUSON, }
JOHN SANGSTER, } Admrs.

November 23. law3t*

This is to give Notice,

THAT the ſubſcribers, of Alexandria county in the diſtrict of Columbia, have obtained from the Orphans' court of ſaid county letters of adminiſtration on the perſonal eſtate of *Abram Hewes*, late of the county aforeſaid, deceaſed; all perſons having claims againſt the ſaid deceaſed, are hereby warned to exhibit them, with the vouchers thereof, to the ſubſcribers, on or before the 22d day of May next, or they may by law be excluded from all benefit of ſaid eſtate.

Given under our hands this 22d day of November, 1805.

RACHEL HEWES, Adm'x.
GEORGE DRINKER, }
PHINEAS JANNEY, } Adm'rs.

November 23. 2aw4w

A good Blackſmith wanted.

To be rented, for one or more years,

AN excellent ſtand for a Blackſmith and Tavern. There is on the premiſes two new houſes, with a ſmith's ſhop and tools and a good garden encloſed, and the tenant may be accommodated with a few acres more if required—poſſeſſion to be given the firſt day of January next. A perſon who can come well recommended will meet with good encouragement. Apply to

JOHN BALL.

Alexandria County, diſtrict of Columbia, Nov. 22. } 2awtf

COUNTY of ALEXANDRIA.

NOVEMBER 16, 1805.

WAS taken up and committed to the jail of this county, a Negro Lad who calls himſelf MOSES. He ſays he was born of a free woman in Bladenſburg, ſtate of Maryland, and was ſold at the ſale of a Mr. Roſs, of Bladenſburg, to a Mr. Smith and a Mr. Green of New Orleans, and that he was perſuaded to leave there by a Mr. Marſhall, on pretence of getting him his freedom, and was brought to New York, and from there was ſent to Alexandria, in the care of a Mr. Spencer, until the arrival of Mr. Marſhall, who pretended to be his maſter, and left him in the care of Mr. John Gadſby, of Alexandria.—The owner, if he has any, is requeſted to come and prove his property, pay charges and take him away, otherwiſe he will be diſpoſed of as the law directs.

J. Campbell, Jailor.

November 22. law2m

☞ This Mr. Marſhall drew a draft on the Honorable John Marſhall, Chief Judge of the United States, which was proteſted as a forgery, was in favor of ſome gentlemen in New York.

The Subſcriber has for Sale,
(In addition to his former ſtock)

APPLES, in barrels
Cranberries in barrels or retail
Large (New-York) Cabbage-heads
Rhode-Iſland Potatoes, and Cheeſe—and a few boxes of firſt quality Muſkatel Raiſins, very freſh.

A. Willis.

November 26. 6t*

TUNIS CRAVEN,

HAS FOR SALE
Beſt Havanna SEGARS in boxes,
And a few Puncheons
NEW-ENGLAND RUM.

November 13. d

JUST RECEIVED,
And for ſale,
Fifty barrels PRIME PORK.

William Hodgſon.

October 30.

Drugs and Medicines.

The ſubſcriber has for SALE, at his Shop on the north ſide of King-ſtreet, between Fairfax and Royal-ſtreets,

A large and general Aſſortment of MEDICINES,

Lately imported from APOTHECARY'S HALL, LONDON—together with the following

PAINTS:

White Lead, ground in oil, and dry, in kegs, 1-4 cwt each.
Red Lead in kegs, 200 weight each.
Venetian Red, in caſks, 200 do. each.
Spaniſh Whiting, by the hogſhead or in ſmaller quantities.
Spaniſh Brown, ground in oil, in kegs 1-4 cwt each, or dry.
Vermillion, Pruſſian Blue, No. 1 and 2, and Patent Yellow.

Alſo, a variety of the moſt celebrated

Patent Medicines now in uſe,

With a few boxes of COLORS of different ſizes.

The above articles will be ſold very low for caſh, or on a credit to punctual cuſtomers.

He will put up, if required, Medical Cheſts for the uſe of private families or for ſea, accompanied with plain and ſuitable directions.

A. Sanderſon.

October 22. law

PUBLIC SALE.

On Tueſday the third of December (if fair, if not the next fair day) will be ſold to the higheſt bidder, at the plantation of the late SAMUEL ADAMS, *deceaſed. near the Little Falls of Potomac* FOR READY MONEY,

Ten or twelve valuable Horſes,

All the Stock of SHEEP, CATTLE AND HOGS, THREE WAGGONS, ONE CART, and all the PLANTATION UTENSILS. A ſet of Blackſmith's tools; one Copper Still, with various other articles too tedious to mention.

Hannah Adams, Adm'trix.

Fairfax County, Nov. 12. 2aw6t‡

NOTICE.

THE Annual Meeting of the *Little River Turnpike Company*, will be on the FIRST Monday in December next, at *Mrs. Simpſon's*, at the old Turnpike Gate, where a report will be made of the State of the Companies Funds, and progreſs of the work—and at the ſame time and place, an election will take place for a PRESIDENT, FOUR DIRECTORS and a TREASURER, to ſerve for one year.

JONAH THOMPSON, *Treaſurer.*

November 6. 2awtE

WOOD.

A quantity of excellent Firewood will be ſold by the acre as it ſtands in the Foreſt of Waſhington, 4 and an half miles from Alexandria. Thoſe, deſirous of being ſupplied during the winter, may let it remain upon the eſtate till the firſt of March. Apply to

John Ball, *Agent.*

Arlington, Nov. 8. law3w

TEN CENTS *Reward.*

Ran away from the ſubſcriber, yeſterday morning, a ſmall Dutch Boy, named *Harmanes Meiley*, about 4 feet 4 inches high, very ſtraight made, of a ruddy complection, and down caſt look when he ſpeaks; his face is full and broad—of a fat habit of body—ſhort and thick. He had on when he went away, a ſhort blue jacket and trowſers, ſtriped ſhirt, and ſhoes down at the heels—he ſpeaks very little Engliſh, and that broken. Any perſon or perſons who returns ſaid boy to me at Mr. John Sellers, Prince-ſtreet, Alexandria, ſhall have the above reward.

All maſters of veſſels and others, are forewarned againſt harboring or carrying off ſaid boy, (he being my legal apprentice) at their peril.

Richard Smith.

November 26. 3t

Wanted to Hire,

A Negro Girl from 12 to 14 years of age—*Apply to the* PRINTER.

Nov. 12 tf

PUBLIC SALE.

Purſuant to a decree of the Circuit Court of the Diſtrict of Columbia, for the county of Alexandria, will be ſold at Public Auction for READY MONEY, *on the ſecond day of December next, at 4 o'clock in the evening, on the premiſes,*

A HOUSE AND LOT,

With the appurtenences in the town of Alexandria, late the property and place of reſidence of JOSEPH CAREY, *deceaſed.* The title will be conveyed by the Marſhal to the purchaſer under the direction of the Court.

DANIEL C. BRENT,
Marſhal, Diſtrict of Columbia,

Marſhal's Office, Alex.
28th Oct 1805. (Nov. 1) 2awtf

FOR SALE,

THAT well known, valuable and highly improved FARM, whereon the ſubſcriber reſides, called SALISBURY; ſituate on the Main Road leading from Alexandria to Winchester, about twenty-five miles from the former, and the ſame diſtance from Georgetown and the city of Waſhington.

This Farm contains 1,600 acres of LAND, one third of which is in Wood, the reſidue encloſed and in good order for farming or grazing upon an extenſive ſcale. There is now about 40 acres of Timothy meadow made, and in prime order, and 100 more might be eaſily made upon a ſoil admirably adapted to graſs.—The Land generally produces corn, wheat and obacco well, but as a Grazing Farm, it is perhaps exceeded by none on the Eaſt ſide of the Blue Ridge.

The improvements are ſuch as would accommodate a Gentleman Farmer or Grazier, with a large family—conſiſting of a well built Manſion Houſe, with a dining room, drawing room and eight chambers, cloſets, cellars, &c. Kitchen, Servants Hall, Smoke houſe, Dairy, Ice houſe, Overſeers houſe, Poultry houſes, a good well of Water, Stables ſufficient to contain 30 or 40 Horſes, a Corn houſe, large Barn, &c. &c. all of which at a ſmall expence might be put into complete order. There is alſo upon the Farm extenſive Orchards of Apples, and Peaches of the beſt kinds of Fruit.

The Subſcriber intending to remove to the State of Tenneſſee, is induced to offer for Sale this Valuable Property, for which on receiving one third of the purchaſe money in hand, he will make the payment of the balance convenient to the purchaſer.

Charles I. Love.

November 18 2aw7t

FOR SALE,

A TRACT OF LAND,

CONTAINING 1425 acres, on the Ohio river, in Maſon county, ſituated about an equal diſtance from the Little and Great Kanhaways. The late general George Waſhington in his will, when mentioning this, together with ſeveral other tracts deviſed to his relatives, ſays "theſe ſeveral tracts of land are of the firſt quality on the Ohio river, where they are ſituated, being almoſt, if not altogether, river bottoms." It is deemed unneceſſary to be more particular reſpecting the quality of the land, as it is preſumed no one will be diſpoſed to purchaſe without making further enquiry or ſeeing it. I will receive in payment one third caſh, and the remainder in Goods if more agreeable to the purchaſer. The Land will be ſhewn by Mr *Robert McKee*, Surveyor of the above mentioned county, and the terms of Sale made known by application to *Nic. Fitzhugh Eſq.* in Alexandria, or the ſubſcriber in King George County.

Burditt Aſhton, Jun.

November 18 law3t‡

This is to give Notice,

THAT the ſubſcriber, of Alexandria county, hath obtained from the Orphans' Court of the ſaid county in the diſtrict of Columbia, letters of adminiſtration on the perſonal eſtate of *James A. Sutton*, late of the ſaid county, deceaſed; all perſons having claims againſt the ſaid deceaſed, are hereby warned to exhibit the ſame with the vouchers thereof, to the ſubſcriber, at or before the 12th day of May next, they may otherwiſe by law be excluded from all benefit of the ſaid eſtate.

John Sutton, Adm'r.

November 14. 2aw4w

☞ All perſon indebted to the ſaid deceaſed, are requeſted to make immediate payment to the above named adminiſtrator.

Thirty Dollars Reward.

RUNAWAY on or about the 12th inſtant, from the plantation of *Doctor Belt*, in Loudoun county, a Mulatto Man named WILLIS; about 23 years old, five feet ten inches high; he took with him a white and brown ſhirt, old fur hat, nankeen pantaloons, a pair of old velvet do, linen trowſers, ſtripped dimothy jacket, and ſtripped blanket. Said fellow was raiſed near Aquia, where I ſome time ago purchaſed him of captain *Harriſon*; it is ſuppoſed ſaid fellow has a paſs and will attempt to paſs as a free man. I will give the above reward for apprehending ſaid Negro in any jail, ſo that I get him again, if taken out of the ſtate of Virginia, or *Fifteen Dollars* if in this ſtate, and reaſonable charges paid for bringing him home. All maſters of veſſels and others are forwarned againſt harbouring or hiring ſaid Negro, at their peril.

Walter S. Belt.

Aquia, Sept. 28. (Oct. 3.) 2awtf

VALUABLE FAMILY *MEDICINES.*

Juſt received direct from the Patentees, and FOR SALE BY

JAMES KENNEDY, JUN.
DRUGGIST;
The following Valuable Medicines:

Dr. Rawſon's Anti-Bilious and Stomachel Bitters.

PREPARED BY
THOMAS H. RAWSON,
Member of the Connecticut Medical Society.

THESE Bitters have undoubtedly had the moſt rapid ſale of any Patent Medicine ever before diſcovered, and are juſtly appreciated for their ſingular and uncommon virtues for reſtoring weak and decayed conſtitutions, and all that train of complicated complaints ſo common in the ſpring and fall ſeaſons, ſuch as *intermittant Fevers and Agues, long Autumnal Fevers, Dyſenteries, &c.* They are alſo a very pleaſant bitter for common uſe, and where they are known they have taken the place and ſuperceded the uſe of all other bitters in public houſes as well as in private families.—Price 50 cents a box.

Dr. Lee's (Windham Billious Pills.

THE great ſale and increaſing demand for theſe valuable pills for theſe twelve years paſt, beſpeak their intrinſic worth. They have proved ſingularly efficacious in *Billious and Yellow fevers, Jaundice, Head Aachs, Dyſenteries, Billious Cholic, Coſtiveneſs, Female complaints, &c.*

The very great demand and high eſteem in which theſe pills are held throughout the United States and the Weſt Indies, has induced many to counterfeit them; the purchaſer is requeſted to obſerve that the name of Samuel Lee, jun. (the patentee) is affixed to each bill of directions, in his own hand writing, or they will not be genuine. Price 50 cents a box.

Dr. Rawſon's Itch Ointment.

A certain and ſafe application for that diſagreeable complaint called the ITCH. Price 42 cents a box.

Dr. Rawſon's Anti Billious Pills,
or, Family Phyſic.

The extraordinary celebrity theſe pills have gained, the univerſal demand for them and eſteem of which they are held by medical men of the firſt eminence, are ſufficient teſtimonials of their intrinſic worth. In great colds and ſudden attacks of diſorders, an early uſe of theſe pills often produces the happieſt effects, and taken once in eight or ten days in caſes of indigeſtion, headachs, dizzineſs, pains in the ſtomach and bowels, dyſentries, diarehœas, dropſies, &c. and a liberal uſe of my anti billious bitters in the intermediate time has relieved patients almoſt to a miracle—price 25 cents a box.

Thompſon's Aromatic Tooth Paſte,

For the ſcurvy in the teeth and gums, and for whitening and preſerving the teeth. It likewiſe takes off all diſagreeable ſmells from the breath, which generally ariſes from ſcorbutic gums and bad teeth. This paſte is much in uſe, and highly eſteemed by all thoſe who value the preſervation of their teeth, it may be applied at all times with the greateſt ſafety. It is neatly put up in pewter boxes with paper directions. Price 50 cents a box.

Dr. Rawſon's Worm Powders.

A medicine which for efficacy and ſafety in its operation ſtands unrivalled. The moſt authenticated proofs and reſpectable authorities of its aſtoniſhing virtues, and ſurpriſing effects, in extreme and alarming caſes of worms, may be ſeen at the place of ſale. Price 50 cents a packet.

Dr. Cooley's Vegetable Elixir;
Or Cough Drops,

For Coughs, Colds, Aſthmas, ſpitting of blood, and all diſeaſes of the *lungs*. Its merits ſtand unrivalled. Price 50 cents a bottle.

Dr. Cooley's Rheumatic Pills.
Price 50 cents a box.

Hinkley's Infallible remedy for the Piles.
Price 50 Cents a Box.

Very particular directions accompanying each of theſe valuable medicines.

He has likewiſe for Sale,

A general aſſortment of Drugs, Patent Medicines, Shop furniture and Vials; a few handſome Hall Lamps; Indian Shades; proof vials; Eſſence of Spruce; Patent Blacking. Madeira and Sherry wine; black bottles in hogſheads; Paints ground in oil; and a few barrels Flax-ſeed Oil, which he will ſell on reaſonable terms for caſh, or to punctual cuſtomers on a ſhort credit.

☞ A generous allowance will be made to thoſe who purchaſe the above Medicines by the dozen.

March 27. 2aw

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